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GRE | GMAT | SAT | LSAT | IELTS | TOEFL | ACT

Most Important Vocab List for GRE

101. Hedonist

- Meaning: A person who seeks pleasure as the highest good.
- **Example Sentence**: The hedonist spent his days chasing fleeting joys.

102. Voluptuary

- Meaning: A person devoted to sensual pleasures.
- **Example Sentence**: The voluptuary's extravagant lifestyle drained his fortune.

103. Epicurean

- Meaning: Devoted to refined pleasures, especially food and drink.
- Example Sentence: The epicurean chef crafted exquisite dishes.

104. Extravagant

- Meaning: Lacking restraint in spending or behavior; excessive.
- **Example Sentence**: Her extravagant party cost a fortune.

105. **Decimate**

- Meaning: To destroy a large proportion of something.
- Example Sentence: The plague decimated the village's population.

106. Excise

- Meaning: To remove by cutting out; to eliminate.
- **Example Sentence**: The editor excised redundant paragraphs from the manuscript.

107. Raze

- Meaning: To completely destroy or demolish.
- **Example Sentence**: The old building was razed to make way for a park.

108. Expunge

- Meaning: To erase or remove completely.
- **Example Sentence**: The court expunged the false charges from his record.

109. Exterminate

- Meaning: To destroy completely; to eliminate entirely.
- **Example Sentence**: The pest control team worked to exterminate the infestation.

110. Extirpate

- Meaning: To destroy or remove completely; to uproot.
- Example Sentence: Efforts to extirpate invasive species protected the ecosystem.

111. Annihilate

- Meaning: To destroy utterly; to wipe out.
- Example Sentence: The army sought to annihilate the enemy's forces.

112. Juxtaposition

- Meaning: The act of placing things side by side for comparison.
- **Example Sentence**: The juxtaposition of old and new architecture was striking.

113. Contiguous

- Meaning: Sharing a common border; adjacent.
- **Example Sentence**: The contiguous states formed a united front.

114. Abut

- Meaning: To touch or border upon; to be adjacent.
- **Example Sentence**: Their property abuts the national forest.

115. Cursory

- Meaning: Hasty and superficial; not thorough.
- **Example Sentence**: His cursory glance at the report missed key details.

116. **Perfunctory**

- Meaning: Done with minimal effort or care; routine.
- **Example Sentence**: The perfunctory apology did little to mend feelings.

117. Slipshod

- Meaning: Careless or sloppy in execution.
- Example Sentence: The slipshod construction led to frequent repairs.

118. Peruse

- Meaning: To read or examine carefully.
- Example Sentence: She perused the contract before signing.

119. Scrutinize

- Meaning: To examine closely and critically.
- Example Sentence: The accountant scrutinized the financial records.

120. Innocuous

- Meaning: Not harmful or offensive; harmless.
- **Example Sentence**: The innocuous comment sparked no controversy.

121. Benign

- **Meaning**: Gentle, kind, or harmless.
- **Example Sentence**: The benign tumor posed no threat to her health.

122. Benignant

- Meaning: Kindly and benevolent; favorable.
- Example Sentence: Her benignant smile put everyone at ease.

123. Malignant

- Meaning: Harmful or dangerous; malevolent.
- **Example Sentence**: The malignant growth required immediate surgery.

124. Vicious

- Meaning: Deliberately cruel or violent; malicious.
- **Example Sentence**: The vicious rumor spread quickly through the school.

125. Noxious

- Meaning: Harmful, poisonous, or unpleasant.
- **Example Sentence**: The noxious fumes forced the workers to evacuate.

126. **Summit**

- Meaning: The highest point; a meeting of leaders.
- **Example Sentence**: The summit of the mountain offered a breathtaking view.

127. **Zenith**

- Meaning: The highest point or peak; culmination.
- Example Sentence: Her career reached its zenith with the award.

128. Pinnacle

- **Meaning**: The highest point of success or achievement.
- **Example Sentence**: Winning the championship was the pinnacle of his career.

129. Crest

- Meaning: The highest part of something; a peak.
- **Example Sentence**: The wave's crest crashed against the shore.

130. **Abyss**

- Meaning: A deep or seemingly bottomless chasm; a profound depth.
- Example Sentence: He stared into the abyss, overwhelmed by its depth.

131. **Nadir**

- **Meaning**: The lowest point of something; the depths.
- **Example Sentence**: The team's loss marked the nadir of their season.

132. Beleaguered

- **Meaning**: Beset with difficulties; harassed.
- **Example Sentence**: The beleaguered city withstood the siege for months.

133. **Beset**

- **Meaning**: To be surrounded or attacked by troubles or enemies.
- Example Sentence: The project was beset by delays and budget issues.

134. Plagued

- Meaning: Troubled or distressed persistently.
- **Example Sentence**: The town was plagued by frequent power outages.

135. Marred

- Meaning: Damaged or spoiled to a certain extent.
- Example Sentence: The painting was marred by a careless scratch.

136. Warped

- Meaning: Bent or twisted out of shape; distorted.
- Example Sentence: The warped wood made the door difficult to close.

137. Tainted

- Meaning: Contaminated or corrupted; spoiled.
- Example Sentence: The tainted water supply caused widespread illness.

138. Blemished

- Meaning: Marked or spoiled by imperfections.
- **Example Sentence**: The blemished apple was still edible but less appealing.

139. **Blot**

- Meaning: A spot or stain; a mark of disgrace.
- Example Sentence: The scandal was a blot on his reputation.

140. Stained

- Meaning: Marked or discolored; tarnished.
- **Example Sentence**: The stained tablecloth needed thorough cleaning.

141. Debased

- Meaning: Reduced in quality or value; degraded.
- **Example Sentence**: The debased currency lost its purchasing power.

142. Vitiated

- Meaning: Spoiled, corrupted, or made ineffective.
- **Example Sentence**: The vitiated contract was no longer legally binding.

143. Antediluvian

- **Meaning**: Extremely old or outdated; before the biblical flood.
- **Example Sentence**: His antediluvian views clashed with modern ideals.

144. Antebellum

- Meaning: Occurring before a war, especially the U.S. Civil War.
- **Example Sentence**: The antebellum mansion preserved its historic charm.

145. Antecedent

- **Meaning**: A thing or event that precedes another; a predecessor.
- **Example Sentence**: The antecedent events shaped the revolution.

146. Precedent

- Meaning: An earlier event or action serving as an example.
- Example Sentence: The court's ruling set a precedent for future cases.

147. Defection

- Meaning: The act of abandoning one's allegiance or duty.
- **Example Sentence**: The defection of the general weakened the army.

148. Desertion

- **Meaning**: The act of abandoning one's duty or post.
- Example Sentence: His desertion from the team left them short-handed.

149. Abscond

- Meaning: To leave secretly and hide, often to avoid arrest.
- Example Sentence: The thief absconded with the stolen jewels.

150. **Elope**

- Meaning: To run away secretly to marry.
- Example Sentence: The young couple eloped to avoid family objections.

151. Malodorous

- **Meaning**: Having an unpleasant smell; foul-smelling.
- **Example Sentence**: The malodorous garbage pile attracted flies.

152. Noisome

- **Meaning**: Offensive or disgusting, especially in smell; harmful.
- **Example Sentence**: The noisome swamp was avoided by hikers.

153. **Rank**

- Meaning: Having a strong, offensive smell or quality; extreme.
- Example Sentence: The rank odor of the cheese repelled guests.

154. **Putrid**

- Meaning: Decaying and emitting a foul smell; rotten.
- Example Sentence: The putrid meat was quickly discarded.

155. Aromatic

- Meaning: Having a pleasant and distinctive smell.
- **Example Sentence**: The aromatic spices filled the kitchen with warmth.

156. Fragrant

- Meaning: Having a pleasant or sweet smell.
- Example Sentence: The fragrant roses perfumed the garden.

157. Redolent

- Meaning: Strongly reminiscent or suggestive; fragrant.
- **Example Sentence**: The room was redolent of lavender and nostalgia.

158. **Benefactor**

- Meaning: A person who gives help or financial aid.
- **Example Sentence**: The benefactor donated funds to build the library.

159. **Beneficiary**

- Meaning: A person who receives benefits or advantages.
- **Example Sentence**: She was the beneficiary of her uncle's estate.

160. **Benevolent**

- **Meaning**: Well-meaning and kindly; charitable.
- Example Sentence: The benevolent donor supported many charities.

161. Benediction

- Meaning: A blessing or expression of good wishes.
- **Example Sentence**: The priest's benediction brought peace to the congregation.

162. Benison

- Meaning: A blessing or benediction.
- Example Sentence: The benison of the elder was cherished by the village.

163. Officious

- Meaning: Intrusively enthusiastic in offering unwanted help.
- **Example Sentence**: The officious clerk annoyed customers with unsolicited advice.

164. Solicitous

- Meaning: Showing care or concern; attentive.
- Example Sentence: She was solicitous about her friend's recovery.

165. **Vestige**

- Meaning: A trace or remnant of something that is disappearing.
- **Example Sentence**: The vestige of the ancient wall hinted at its former glory.

166. Modicum

- Meaning: A small portion or limited quantity.
- Example Sentence: He showed a modicum of respect during the meeting.

167. Resplendent

- Meaning: Shining brilliantly; radiant or splendid.
- **Example Sentence**: The resplendent sunset painted the sky in vibrant hues.

168. Ornate

- Meaning: Elaborately or highly decorated.
- **Example Sentence**: The ornate chandelier added elegance to the room.

169. Embellished

- **Meaning**: Decorated or adorned; enhanced with details.
- **Example Sentence**: Her embellished story captivated the listeners.

170. Perjury

- Meaning: The act of lying under oath.
- Example Sentence: He was charged with perjury for his false testimony.

171. Mendacity

- Meaning: Untruthfulness; lying.
- Example Sentence: His mendacity eroded trust among his peers.

172. Inexactitude

- Meaning: Lack of precision or accuracy.
- **Example Sentence**: The inexactitude of the measurements caused errors.

173. **Perfidy**

- Meaning: Deceitfulness or untrustworthiness; betrayal.
- **Example Sentence**: Her perfidy shocked those who trusted her.

174. Specious

- Meaning: Seemingly plausible but actually false; misleading.
- **Example Sentence**: His specious argument failed to convince the jury.

175. Vicariously

- Meaning: Experienced through another person's actions.
- **Example Sentence**: She lived vicariously through her daughter's adventures.

176. **Covert**

- Meaning: Secret or hidden; not openly shown.
- **Example Sentence**: The covert operation was planned in utmost secrecy.

177. **Overt**

- Meaning: Done or shown openly; not concealed.
- **Example Sentence**: His overt criticism upset the entire team.

178. Stealth

- **Meaning**: Secretive or sneaky behavior or action.
- **Example Sentence**: The cat moved with stealth to catch the mouse.

179. **Sly**

- Meaning: Cunning or deceitful in a secretive way.
- **Example Sentence**: His sly grin hinted at a hidden plan.

180. Clandestine

- Meaning: Done secretly or kept secret.
- Example Sentence: The clandestine meeting took place at midnight.

181. Surreptitious

- Meaning: Done in a secret or stealthy manner.
- Example Sentence: She cast a surreptitious glance at the letter.

182. **Sneak**

- Meaning: To act in a furtive or sneaky manner.
- Example Sentence: He tried to sneak past the guard unnoticed.

183. Badinage

- Meaning: Playful or teasing conversation; banter.
- **Example Sentence**: Their badinage lightened the mood at the party.

184. **Bantering**

- Meaning: Playful or teasing talk; light-hearted.
- **Example Sentence**: The bantering exchange between friends was full of laughter.

185. Raillery

- Meaning: Good-humored teasing or banter.
- **Example Sentence**: His raillery during the debate kept the audience engaged.

186. Persiflage

- Meaning: Light and slightly contemptuous mockery or banter.
- **Example Sentence**: Her persiflage about his outfit was all in good fun.

187. Hysterical

- Meaning: Uncontrollably emotional; wildly funny.
- **Example Sentence**: The comedian's performance was so hysterical that the audience roared with laughter.

188. Frenetic

- Meaning: Fast and energetic in a wild or uncontrolled way.
- **Example Sentence**: The frenetic pace of the dance left everyone breathless.

189. Disconcerted

- Meaning: Unsettled or thrown into confusion.
- Example Sentence: She was disconcerted by the unexpected question.

190. **Dismay**

- Meaning: Sudden loss of courage or confidence; distress.
- Example Sentence: The news of the failure filled her with dismay.

191. Disquiet

- **Meaning**: A feeling of anxiety or unease.
- **Example Sentence**: The disquiet in the room was palpable before the exam.

192. Distraught

- Meaning: Deeply upset or agitated.
- **Example Sentence**: She was distraught after losing her beloved pet.

193. Erratically

- Meaning: In an unpredictable or irregular manner.
- **Example Sentence**: The car moved erratically, alarming other drivers.

194. Intermittently

- Meaning: Occurring at irregular intervals; not continuous.
- **Example Sentence**: The rain fell intermittently throughout the day.

195. Sporadic

- **Meaning**: Occurring at irregular intervals; scattered.
- **Example Sentence**: Sporadic gunfire echoed through the night.

196. Spasmodic

- Meaning: Occurring in bursts or fits; not sustained.
- Example Sentence: His spasmodic efforts failed to complete the task.

197. Fitfully

- Meaning: In an irregular or intermittent manner.
- Example Sentence: She slept fitfully, waking up several times.

198. Omnipresent

- Meaning: Present everywhere at the same time.
- Example Sentence: The omnipresent hum of the city was inescapable.

199. Ubiquitous

- Meaning: Present or found everywhere.
- **Example Sentence**: Smartphones are ubiquitous in modern society.

200. Omnibus

- Meaning: Comprising several items; a collection.
- Example Sentence: The omnibus edition included all her novels.

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